Tarboro', is Agent for this paper, for Edgecombe and the adjoining Counties. Mr. R will take pleasure in receiving new subscribers and receiving for any money

MR JOSTAH JOHNSON, Post-master at Clinton. is receive new subscribers and receipt for the same.

will also receive new subscribers to the Journal, and

Past Office, Bladen County, N. C., is sutherized to receipt for any monies due the "Journal" office, and also to receive new subscribers to said paper.

## [BY REQUEST.] Speech of Mr. Brogden.

OF WAYNE, Delivered in the House of Commons of the Suffrage.

MR. SPEAKER : Before the vote of the House is taken on the bill now under consideration, I propose briefly to express my sentiments on the great principle of Equal Suffrage. I may not possess the ability to express my views with the perspicuity of a logician, but I hope to be able to express them in the sober deductions of reason and entirely disconnected from all superficial and extraneous encumbrances I have not consumed the public time in de-

bate during the present session, and in the remarks which it is now my purpose to submit, I am influenced solely by a sense of public

I shall not attempt to delineate elegant pictures of the imagination, or to embellish my subject with literary garlands of the flowers of rhetoric. But conscious of the rectitude of my intentions, I feel myself fully justified in the course I have deemed proper to pursue. The subject before the House is one of vast amend the Constitution should be determined calmly and dispassionately. This great quespolitical influences and associations. It should for his country and a veneration for her name. and party bias.

The bill proposes to submit the question to the people of North Carolina at the earliest practicable period, for the purpose of ascertaining whether they are in favor of amending the Constitution so as to allow all qualified voters for members of the House of Com- which has been "our safeguard and our tow mons to vote for members of the State Senate. This proposition to amend the Constitution should neither be advocated nor opposed as a political subject. It is to entitle every free white male citizen of twenty one years and upwards, who has paid his public taxes, to vote for Senator as well as for Commoners .--It is declared in the Declaration of American Independence, that great charecter of American liberty, that sublime monument of exalted patriotism and chivalric daring, "that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, and one of those cardinal rights is the right of suffrage-a ' right inestimable to freemen, and formidable to tyrants only."

Sir, why should a large majority of the voters in North Carolina be deprived of the full and free exercise of the right of suffrage, that invaluable heritage of liberty, that great bulwark of American freedom and independence? It is this legitimate offspring of the American Revolution which imparts a halo of glory to In the State of Maine "every male citizen of lustre to the Star Spangled banner of this " land of the free and the nome of the brave."

an amendment to the Constitution was advo- term of three months next preceding any eleccated by the Hon. David S. Reid, the Demo- tion, shall be an elector for Governor Senacratic candidate for Governor, in the summer tors and Representatives, in the town or planof 1848, it was denounced in the most unmeasured terms. It was characterized by tions of the day. Was this question opposed Representatives; and no other person shall be as a party question, only because it was ad- entitled to vote in such election. vocated by the Democratic candidate for Govsome senses, however, it may be termed a par- county or district whereof he is a member."

ciple of Equal Suffrage is a party measure in for the ensuing year as Councillors." the same sense as was the glorious Revolu- In Rhode Island, "every male native citi- a public taxtion. That was emphatically a parly move zen, who shall have paid his taxes and perment, sustained and carried through by the formed military duty, is entitled to vote for all rallying cry of party, which was but another civil officers." name for the rallying cry of independence and

NA CHARTA, was extorted by the Barons from Suffrage. ter Parliament had been in session seventeen by the people." years, towards the close of the seventeenth

constantly taking place since the commence ment of the Christian era, but I will desist. I will only mention two or three instances of tive by the people." reform at present. In the early part of the fifteenth century, John Wickliffe, a celebrated the reformation of the English Church from

one of the monastic orders of the church of Rome, opposed himself to the Papal authority. Several ruling powers in Europe separated from the church of Rome, and followed the doctrine taught by Luther. This event is

ed another division of Christians. In 1560, James Arminius, of Holland, foun-

forts, party zeal, and the rallying cry of par- possesses a landed estate of \$25 in value-or On her soil were sown deep and broad the the Doctor's illustration? ty. But they have been parties based upon as a tenant in common the value of \$25—or seeds of Liberty among her people, with a principle, animated by an apprehension of who has land in expectancy, remainder, &c., liberal hand. On her soil the banner of freedanger, stimulated by the love of liberty, uni- to the value of \$50-or who has a lease-hold dom was first unfurled by the Mecklenburg and zeal for his country than one who was AGENCY .-- James M. Redmond, Post-master at ted and struggling for a great and common estate for five years to the annual value or patriots, on the 20th of May, 1775. It was born poor. I do not accord with the senti-

Suffrage is a party measure—a teform meas- for twelve months, and who shall have been enemy, and to disenthrall themselves from re- I feel constrained to refer to the course of ure, and should we be fortunate enough to assessed with a part of the revenue of the gal power. They were the first to unloose the gentleman from Hertford, (Mr. Rayner,) asset to receipt for any moneys due this establish a principle, it State, and paid the same, shall be qualified to the fetter which bound them at the footstool upon the subject of Equal Suffrage. It is not will in my humble judgment bear some de vote for members of the General Assembly in of the British throne, and to throw off the my purpose pascribe to him improper motives. gree of comparrison with the great measures the county, city, town, or borough respective- galling yoke of tyranny and oppression. They or to accuse him with wishing to effect some ceipt for any moneys due us in his neighborhood; he to which I have referred. And whatever obstacles this measure may encounter, or what- keeper and head of a family shall live." vassalage, and at a period of doubt, of dark- that he has shown his inconsistency on this ever difficulties it may have to surmount, it is In North Carolina, "all freemen of the age ness, and of danger, without concert with question. In the canvass for Governor dudestined to prevail.

"There lies a hidden strength in a just cause,

ment which constitutes the barmony and of fifty acres of land, for six months next be- and, of right, ought to be sovereign and self- bly abated since the election for Governor in greatly to the surprise of his holder, drew a our political existence, and should its efful- tled to vote for a member of the Senate." gence ever become darkened by the baleful In South Carolina "every free white man their deep devotion to liberty, and prove that low all who are qualified to vote also for Sentary 23d, 1849, on the subject of Equal its last and the popula of the age of twenty-one years, being a citifrom them by the despotic few, and the strength or is so resident." of a world yields to the voice of a hereditary tyranny, made strong, not by its own energies, duty which I feel unwilling to disregard on but by the submission of the many, enslaved itants of the State, and shall have attained the white men I wish to elevate the condition whose hands he had fallen As he artising gether by the bonds of sympathy and affec- ceding the election, and shall have resided six ruthless war; whenever her rights and honor in the hope of gaining time to ascertain the tion. They are united by a common interest, months within the county." and a common feeling. They are bound toimportance to a very large portion of the peogether by all the chords of social and domes-

as with "hooks of steel." It is the recollection of the heroic deeds of tion of altering the fundamental law of the the patriots of the Revolution which inspires land is one that should be removed from all in the bosom of every true American, a love therein. be disconnected from all party considerations It is the recollection of the blood and treasure expended in the achievement of the liberty we by every native citizen in North Carolina, county or district in which he resides." er." There is no danger of intestine dissentions. We are bound together as one people, thousands, our voices are as one.

"What constitutes a State ? Not high raised battlements or labored mound, Not cities proud with spires of beauty crowned; Where laughing at the storm, rich navies ride; Nor starred and spangled courts. No-men —high minded men, These constitute a State."

It is those who enjoy the full privilege of ly appreciate the responsibility imposed upon hem as members of society that constitute a

But I will not dilate upon this branch of the subject. I beg leave to refer to the Constitutions of the other States of the Union, for the suffrage has been adopted by them all. I will commence with the Constitution of Maine.years and upwards, excepting paupers, persons under guardianship, and Indians not tax-And yet, strange as it might appear, when ed, having his residence established for the

In the State of Massachusetts " every male Whig newspapers and Whig leaders as a Dem- citizen of twenty-one years of age and upocratic humbug; and the doctrines of Equal wards, (excepting paupers and persons under Suffrage was not only violently opposed by guardianship, who shall have resided within the Whig newspapers and Whig leaders the Commonwealth one year, and within the throughout the State, but Col. Reid was tra- town or district in which he may claim a right duced and villified because he thought it his to vote, six calendar months next preceding duty, as a candidate before the people for their any election of Governor, Lieutenant Goversuffrages, to express his views in favor of this nor, Senators, and Representatives, and who alteration in the constitution. He was charged shall have paid, by himself or his parent, maswith being influenced by sinister designs, with ter or guardian, any State or county tax, which being actuated by personal considerations on shall, within two years next preceding such ly. He was accused with having brought for- election, have been assessed upon him in any ward this hobby, as it was classically styled town or district in the Commonwealth; and by his opponents, for the purpose of accom also every citizen, who shall be by law explishing a party object, for securing his own empt from taxation, and who shall be in all election. But he protested on all occasions other respects qualified as above mentioned, against having this proposition to amend the shall have a right to vote in such election of constitution connected with the political ques- Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Senators, and

In New Hamp-hire, "every male inhabiernor? Is every useful measure to be oppo- tant of each town, and parish with town privsed because it happens to originate with the leges, and places unincorporated, of twenty-Democratic party? Who made this doctrine one years of age and upwards, excepting pau-

In Vermont there is a House of Represen-It is a party measure in the same sense as talives, chosen "by the freemen of the State," the revolution in England of 1688 was a par- and a Council of twelve, answering to our rican Union. The Constitutions of several of equally by the people, and where their interty measure. Sir, that was a party measure, Senate, chosen also "by the freemen" "And the States have been amended, and if there ests and destinies are identified with their mons; and I have as yet been unable to discarried through by a party. It was a party each freeman shall give in twelve votes, for were any instances where suffrage was not country. which overthrew the tyranny of the Stuarts twelve Councillors, in the same manner; and and gave liberty a chance to rally. The prin- the twelve highest in nomination shall serve

of the United States, who has gained a settle-The great civil revolution of 1800, was al- ment in the State, and has a freehold estate of upwards, and have paid a public tax. so a party measure, which overtl rew ancient the yearly value of seven dollars -or perform-Federalism, the first combination of all the ed military duty-or paid his State tax, shall, tions of Florida, Texas, Wisconsin, and Iowa; aristocratic elements into a dynasty of politi- on his taking such oath as may be prescribed but I have no doubt, from the known Democal power, and restored the Constitution at its by law, be an elector. It is also provided, by cratic character and habits of the people of last gasp. The famous bulwark of English the Constitution of Connecticut, that laws those States, that free and equal suffrage has liberty, which now goes by the name of Mag. shall be made to support the privilege of Free been secured to all free white male citizens in

King John in 1215. That also was a party In New York, "every male citizen of the I believe, Sir, that a sufficient demonstrameasure, a great reform measure. This chardage of 21, who has been an inhabit int for one tion of public opinion in relation to equal sufter was agreed to at a place called Runimede, year, and paid his tax on real or personal pro- frage, was furnished by the people of North still held in reverence by posterity as the spot perty-or who has performed military duty- Carolina, in the Gubernatorial election in Auwhere the standard of freedom was first erector who has been a citizen three years, and as- gust, 1848, to require the present General As- tion, of the right of self government. It sub- is heard, and by which the grasping aspirations ted in England. The celebrated Habeas Cor- sessed to labor on the public highways, and sembly to pass an Act to submit this question stantially deprives the people of the privilege of the privi pus Act, which confirms the subject in an ab- shall have done so, or paid an equivalent to the voters of the State at the earliest pracsolute security from oppressive powers, was therefor, shall be entitled to vote for all offi- ticable period. I am constrained to regard the passed in the reign of Charles the Second, af- cers that now are, or hereafter may be, elected evidence furnished by the people in the last

century. This Act was another reform meas- of the United States, of the age of twenty-one not one of that number who are disposed to I might refer, if it were necessary, to many State one year, and of the county in which he When the people speak through the ballot box of the reforms in the Church which have been claims his vote for five months, next before they are heard by all, "like a voice in the the election, shall be entitled to vote for all wilderness, with awe." officers that now are, or hereafter may be, elec-

In Pennsylvania, " in elections by the citizens, every white freeman of the age of twen-English divine, was said to be the father of ty-one years, having resided in the State one assessed at least ten days before the election.

shall enjoy the right of an elector." zen of twenty-two years of age and upwards, known in history by the name of the REFOR- who has resided in the State one year before the election, and paid a county tax, assessed

right of an elector."
In Maryland, " every free white male citided another sect, differing in some essential zen, who has obtained a residence of twelve ures in matters of religion. All great reforms shall vote by ballot for delegates to the Genin the political institutions or condition of the eral Assembly, electors of the Senate, and

people in this country and all others, have Sheriffs." en party measures, and have been sustain- In Virginia. " every white male citizen of kee.

rent of \$20-or who has been a housekeeper her brave and hardy sons who were first among ment that property is the main test of merit. In this sense, sir, the principle of Equal and head of a family where he offers to vote, the American Colonies to repulse a ravaging I am opposed to such an aristocratic doctrine.

of twenty-one years, (except as hereinafter other States, without assurances of support ring the last summer, he strongly opposed the The right of suffrage is the main pillar in diately preceding the day of election, and posthe temple of freedom. It is the cardinal ele- sessed of a freehold within the same district themselves "a free and independent people, and his opposition appears to have considerastrength of our Government. It is the sun of fore and at the day of election, shall be enti- governing."

oid a long adieu to the blessing of political two years previous to the day of election, and freedom. The value of the elective franchise who hath a freehold of fifty acres of land, or is not to be estimated by any pecuniary con- town lot, of which he hath been legally seized who first published to the world the Declara- ling to consult the people upon this subject, siderations. It cannot be calculated by any and possessed, at least six months before such tion of Independence, have left behind them although he has denounced it as a democratic amount of dollars and cents-it is above all election; or, not having such freehold or town in the memory of their countrymen, beyond humbug. price. The political rights of the freemen of lot, hath been a resident in the election district the reach of calumny, this country can never be purchased with mo. in which he offers to give his vote, six months ney. Many millions of our fellow men, in before the said election, shall have a right to aristocratic Europe, pant for the high privi- vote for a member or members, to serve in lege of the elective franchise as the "heart either branch of the Legislature, for the elec-

" A name of fear,

And left their sons a hope, a tame, They, too, would rather die than shame."

" Equality of rights is nature's plan, And to follow nature is the march of man."

"You may as well bid the mountain pines

To wag their high tops, and make no noise, When they are fretted with the gusts of Heaven."

Come as the winds come, when forests are rended,

It is freedom of speech, freedom of action,

universal." Suffrage is free and equal in

where the great body of the people were en-

tirely deprived of the exercise of this invalua-

It is my humble opinion that a property

qualification for the right of suffrage, does not

comport wit the fundamental principles of

free government. It virtually deprives every

man who is not so fortunate as to own the

those who are to administer them.

by military powers and overawed by the age of twenty-one years, and have paid all of the poor man, because it is mainly those whose hands he had fallen. As he anticipa grandeur of wealth. In this land of liberty taxes which may have been required of them, with limited means who always fight the bat- ted, he was hailed, and in a moment after surthe people are united in one common brother- and which they may have had an opportunity tles of their country. Whenever our country rounded by bayonets. "Who are you?" was They are indissolubly connected to- of paying, agreeably to law, for the year pre- has been summoned to the sanguinary altar of the first question propounded. He hesitated,

the State two years, or one year in the district friend to his country because he is born poor? tell the truth, I didn't want to fight mighty ple of North Carolina. A proposition to liberty, which grapple them to their country, where he offers to vote, shall enjoy the right Is poverty a crime, and misfortune a reproach? hard on neither side.' of an elector for Representatives; and one Is it right or just to deprive a freeman of the I presume that the election of Governor, in Senator for each district shall be elected by privilege of the elective franchise because he August last, had some influence on the mind those qualified to vote for Representatives is of humble birth? No, Sir, it is contrary to of the gentleman from Hertford, and very

age of twenty-one years, being a citizen of the all freemen politically equal United States, and a citizen of the county now enjoy, which nerves the arms and em- wherein he may offer his vote, six months boldens the hearts of freemen and stimulates next preceding the day of election, shall be them to acts of chivalry and noble daring. It entitled to vote for members of the General strength to our government; an! it is those privilege of thinking and speaking for myself is the spirit of patriotism warmly cherished Assembly, and other civil officers, for the who are inured to daily toil, those with labor. But it is not my design to stray on diverse

In Ohio "in all elections, all white male its safeguard in peace and its tower of strength marks. inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in war. having resided in the State one year next prejoy the rights of an elector."

tatives vote also for Senators for three years." excrescence, unsuited to our salubrious and | tinct from the non-landholder. the elective franchise, and those who proper- and who shall have paid a State tax, shall en- principles. It was wasted to our shores across assumed, that near fifty thousand are non-

> States, and shall have resided in the State one easily resistedyear next preceding an election, and the last four months within the county, city, or town in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector." Both Houses are chosen the qualified electors.

the age of twenty one years and upwards, faction. who shall be a citizen of the United States, and shall have resided in the State one year Carolina, will ever remain as enduring mon- Thus it is perceived that a man may own one next preceding an election, and the last three uments of the valor and bravery of those who hundred dollars worth of one kind of propermonths within the county, city, or town in gained our liberties, amidst the roar of artille- ty, and be entitled to a vote for Senator, while three months from the date hereof, for the issue which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a ry and the clash of arms, Mecklenburg, another man may own ten thousand dollars of a Certificate of Eleven Shares of the Stock of the qualified electors.

have been in the county or district in which old, as faithful sentinels upon the watch-tower sembly are elected " e offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified of liberty, to guard the rights and privileges This article of the Constitution gives the elector of all elective officers."

months next preceding any election, shall be the country's call. They will entitled to vote at such election."

In Arkansas, " every free white male citizen of the United States, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who freedom of the public press, and essential eleof Equal Suffrage a party question? How pers and persons excused from paying taxes shall have been a citizen of the State six ments of our government. Let either of these came it to be made a party question? Why at their own request, shall have a right, at the months, shall be deemed a qualified elector, be attacked, and the hardy people of North is it a party question? Is it because it is ad- annual or other meetings of the inhabitants of and entitled to vote in the county or district | Carolina will rally as a bodyguard, to repel vocated by Democrats? Is that a sufficient said towns or parishes, to vote in the town or where he actually resides, for each and every the aggression of the enemy. For reason for opposing every new measure? In parish wherein he dwells, for Senators of the office made elective under this State or the

United States." I have briefly noticed the provisions in the | So will freedom ever triumph in every counpreviously universal, the amended Constitutions have invariably secured equal suffrage til within the last year a Kingdom, suffrage is of Representatives of the Congress of the to every free white male citizen who has paid now universal. In the Preamble to the new

sianz have been amended, but in both these ocratic, one and invisible." In the Constitu- State Legislature. States equal suffrage has been established and | tion of France which was adopted by the Na-In Connecticut, " every white male citizen secured to all free white male citizens who Itonal Assembly in November, 1848, it is dehave attained the age of twenty-one years and clared that-" Suffrage shall be direct and up. They do not resort to violence to alter

I have not been able to obtain the Constitu

Gubernatorial election, as an unerring index In New Jersey, " every white male citizen to popular sentiment upon this subject. I am years, who shall have been a resident of the defide public opinion or oppugn its mandates.

> " Where now they have whispered, They will whisper no longer; But loud as the cannon, They'll speak sterner and stronger."

extremities of the State. It will reverberate in stentorian tones from Currituck to Chero- ly acting agent for the beast while living, kee.

Mexico and Great Britain, and under the various ations which no other word has power to impart. The affection which is felt for home is beautifully expressed in the lines of the poet— which agency ceased on the death of the said

ed, prosecuted, and consummated by party ef- twenty-one years of age and upwards, who | North Carolina is the birth-place of freedom, beast." Can anything be more forcible than

declared,) who have been inhabitants of any from any quarter, they were the first to "dis- doctrine of equal suffrage and employed all one district of the State twelve months imme- solve the political bands which connected the powers of his eloquence against it; but a last August. He now thinks that the propo-Such acts of fortitude and bravery manifest sition to amend the Constitution so as to alators of the State Legislature, should be imits last, and the people of this country may zen of the State, and having resided therein "Men who knew their rights, and knowing, dared main- mediately submitted to the people of the State. He thinks it is a proper question for the peo-The patriots and heroes of Mecklenburg, ple to decide. He now professes to be wil-

I cannot better illustrate my view of him. than by relating a story which occurred in the time of the Revolution. Just before the battle of Guilford, when both armies were very The blessings of our mild and benefice it near each other, a countryman in the vicinity panteth for the water brook." It is withheld tion district in which he holds such property, Government, like the gentle dews of Heaven, found himself overtaken by darkness as he should descend equally upon all, the poor as was returning home. He was very appre-In Georgia "the electors of members of the well as the rich. I am in favor of establish. hensive that he might be captured, and felt General Assembly shall be citizens and inhab- ing equality in political rights among free the more alarm lest in such a controversy the have been a-sailed, the laboring classes have character of his captors, but at length gave In Kentucky "every free male citizen twen- always flocked to her standard, and arrayed his name slowly. "Which side are you for? ty-one years of age, and who has resided in themselves to meet the foe Is a man less a Whig or Tory?" "Well, ahem! if I must

> the spirit of free institutions and the princi- much assuaged his resistance to a measure In Tennesse "every free white man of the ples of republican liberty, which recognizes which he has so strenuously opposed. It is pupils. A wag asked him if he was serious? not my business to determine whether he has been influenced by factious designs, or by pure and disinterested motives. I leave that to his It is political equality that gives energy and own conscience to decide. I only claim the hardened hands and sun-burnt faces who are subjects, and therefore I must abridge my re-

It does not seem to accord with pure Dem-Sir, I regard the property qualification for ocratic principles, to make a distinction beand though our numbers are as hundreds of ceding the election, and who have paid, or are the exercise of the elective franchise, as in- tween free white citizens at the ballot-box, charged with a State or county tax, shall en- compatible with the fundamental principles of and to disfranchise one portion whose destiny free government, and contrary to its nature is identified with the interest of their country, yes, Mr. Smith sure!" Such seems to be the In Indiana "all white male citizens of twenty one years of age, who have resided in the State twelve months, shall be allowed to vote in North Carolina. It was transplanted on ded interest of their country, by understanding of our own Whig friends in restaurant to its nature and genius. This property qualification in because they are more unfortunate than the lation to equal suffrage. They will tell us ded interest should be represented, and that State twelve months, shall be allowed to vote in North Carolina. It was transplanted on ded interest should be represented, and that for Representatives; and voters for Represent her soil from the soil of England. It is an the landholder has interests separate and dis-In Louisiana "every white male citizen of genial climate. It had its origin with the lords | The full vote of the State, as shown in the

twenty-one years of age, who has resided one and nobles in a kingly government. It is the August election of 1848, is about eighty-four year in the county where he offers to vote, gem of aristocracy, the bane of democratic thousand. Of this number it may safely be joy the rights of an elector." Senators and proud Atlantic-it came as an unwholesome landholders. In North Carolina there are Representatives are chosen by the same per- disease. It is a morbid and unnatural plant about thirty-two millions of land, and probathat cannot flourish in our State, and I believe | bly thirty five thousand freehold voters. If a In Mississippi "every free white male per- that evidence has already been adduced to man owns fifty acress of land, he is entitled In Mississippi "every free white male person of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who shall be a citizen of the United

States, and shall have resided in the State one

States, and shall have resided in the State one

In Mississippi "every free white male perthat evidence has already been adduced to
man owns fifty acress of land, he is entitled a mulatio boy, who calls himself James Moore,
and says he was bound to Jou W. Wells of Brunbut it makes no difference how many thou
swick county. James Moore is about 5 feet 3 or
sand acres he may own, he can give but one

States, and shall have resided in the State one

States, and shall have resided in the State one

States are vidence has already been adduced to
man bound to Jou W. Wells of Brunbut it makes no difference how many thou
swick county. James Moore is about 5 feet 3 or
acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of
FEMALE COMPLAINTS. sand acres he may own, he can give but one 4 inches high, spare built, and supposed to be sevvote. There are many freehold voters in the enteen or eighteen years of age. The owner is State who own but little more land than is re- requested to come forward, prove property, pay quired by the Constitution to entitle them to charges and take him away, or he will be dealt It was the powerful voice of the people vote for Senator, while there are many others with as the law directs. with Divine assistance, which spoke our gov. who own several thousand acres. It appears In Illinois "in all elections, all white male ernment into existence and made it what it is from the most accurate calculation upon this nhabitants above the age of twenty-one years, -" a city set upon a hill which cannot be subject, that out of the thirty-two millions of having resided in the State six months next hid,"-which gave it energy and vigor to be acres of land in the State, but about two milpreceding the election, shall enjoy the right of able to withstand all the opposition that might lions of acres are actually represented. There be waged against it, and which has preserved is another view of this subject which I will In Alabama "every white male person, of a from domestic dissentions and the tumults of here present. A man may own fifty acres of land which may not be worth one hundred The revolutionary battle grounds in North dollars, and he is entitled to vote for Senator. qualified elector." Both Houses are chosen Moore's Creek, King's Mountain, and Guilford, worth or more of another kind of property, the said Bank, in the name of the undersigned,

In Missouri, " every free white male citi- the pages of history. They will remain as The first section of the second article of our lost. zen of the United States, who shall have at- long as her own Pilot Mountain remains .- State Constitution, declares "the Governor tained the age of twenty-one years, who shall | They will stand out as beacon lights to direct | shall be chosen by the qualified voters for the have resided in the State one year before an her sons in the road of freedom. They will members of the House of Commons, at such election, the last three months whereof shall continue when time itself shall have grown time and places as members of the General As-

paid public taxes, has the right to vote for moderate. Governer. But a contingency may occur by which an individual who has not been elected by the qualified voters for the members of the House of Commons, may succeed to the executive Chair of the State. The Senators are elected by the freeholders, and when the Senate meets they elect one of their number Speaker, who is to be Governor in the case of the death of the Governor elected by the people. The Constitution vests the pow- for the transaction of a Forwarding and General Constitutions of twenty-six States of the Ame- try where the elective franchise is exercised er of electing the Governor in the qualified vo- Commission business. cover any satisfactory reason why a man who In the Republic of France, which was un- is entitled to vote for a member of the House United States, for Governor of the State, and Constitution of the Republic of France, it is for President of the United States, should not The Constitutions of New York and Loui- declared that-" The French Republic is Dem- also he entitled to vote for Senator of the

The people, sir, are the main source of pohaving claims aginst Dr. Hawes will present
itical power. They can pull down and build
ip. They do not resort to violence to alter
THOS. D. MEARES.

But what else should be expected from some experience to cook and serve up even a
common decent meal. How much more important is it was
the persons who manufacture medicine, designed for their form of government, but to the peaceful France, the most powerful country of Europe, method of the bollot-box. This is the covewhich was until lately ruled by a king, and nant of a representative government, and sheet anchor of our liberties,

"There is a weapon surer yet, And better than the bayonet As snow flakes fall upon the sod, And executes a freeman's will, As lightning does the will of God-In spite of bars and bolts and locks, The omnipotent ballot-box is the main

of self-government to have no voice in choos- brought into subjection to the public will. The magical influence exercised by the bal-I believe it to be wrong in principle to make lot box, has shed resplendent lustre on our roperty alone the test of qualification, as to country. Sir, that influence has been felt and he exercise of a freeman's right to vote for is now being felt in different quarters of the hose who are to make laws for him, or for globe. Under its magic influence thrones have trembled, dynastics have been overturn-To show that the doctrine of equal suffrage ed, and crowns have fallen. It is the prop and has been favored and approved by some of the stay of freedom, and the security of the peo-most distinguished men that have ever lived ple against anarchy and tyranny. It was the in this country, I will make use of an illustration which was made by Dr. Benjamin Frank- countries on the continent of Europe within lin, whom we are informed by history was a the last year. The inestimable value of the wise philosopher, a true patriot, and an able elective franchise will be prized above all oth-The potent voice of the people must and statesman. That able and eminent philoso er considerations where ever the people have year, and in the election district where he of- will at all times be respected and obeyed. The pher, it appears, was in favor of universal the capacity of thinking aright for themselves. fers to vote ten days immediately preceding government belongs to the people, and not the suffrage. On one occasion he was arguing It gives encouragement to the poor man in In 1517, Martin Luther, who had been in such election, and within two years paid a people to the government, and they have a with a learned gentleman as to the merits or his log cabin, and enables him to feel while State or county tax, which shall have been perfect right to alter or remodel it whenever demerits of a property qualification for voting. occupying his humble tenement that his pothey think that their equality and happiness. To show how ridiculous such a requirement litical rights are secure. It nerves his arm and the public interest and welfare, will be was, the Dr supposes a case: For example and emboldens his heart. Nothing can ani-In Delaware, " every free white male citi- promoted by the change. The verdict ren- that B., a freeman, is required by the Consti- mate the desponding like the ties of friends dered by the freemen of the State at the last tution of a State, to own fifty dollars worth and home. When our anticipations of han-August election, was the prelude of that ex- of property before he can vote for a member piness prove fallacious, and our brightest pression of public opinion in favor of Equal of a certain branch of the Legislature of that prospects of the future are banished; when In 1541, Jonh Calvin, of Geneva, establish six months before the election, shall enjoy the Suffrage, which will certainly, at no distant State-suppose that his fifty dollars are ves- we are bereft and despoiled of that which we day, sweep over the State like a torrent from ted in a jackass; that to-day the polls are to be opened, but a minute before the polls are and wealth deserts us, and above all when It was, in my humble opinion, the harbin- opened the jackass dies; B. is therefore con- we are afflicted with sickness, and suffering points from both the former. Here were meas- months, shall have a right of suffrage, and ger of that voice which will be uttered in lan- stitutionally deprived of his right of suffrage, with disease, then the magic word home inguage not to be misanderstood to the utmost

Now in whom was vested the suffrage, B. or cites within our bosoms feelings and associ
extremities of the State. It will revealed to the utmost the ass. Cavainly not in B. for he was a state of the state. The state of the state of

"Mid pleasures and palaces though we may roam, Be it ever so humble, there's no place like home; A charm from the skies seems to hallow us there, Which, seek through the world, is ne'er met wit

The bonds of friendship and the endearments of home should never be violated by a ruthless despotism. There is a little to fear from arbitrary power where the right of suffrage is free and equal. The principle of deceived, and prichase none but the GENUINE ORIGIfriends upon this subject reminds me of an an- signature across the cont of arms. eclote which I have heard. A vendor of lottery tickets went into a remote part of one of the Western States. The novalty of the matter, and the prospect of getting rich so easily gave his business a wonderful run. Among those who purchased tickets was an individual as remarkable for the great size of his body as for the smallness of his intellect. The drawing commenced, and the first ticket, blank. A dozen in succession met a similar fate, and there was a strong suspicion and much complaint that all was not right. The stout man was particularly vehement, swearing that it was a cheat and a fraud, and if they would let him get to the wheel he'd smash the whole concern. He was held back and advised to wait a little. Presently his ticket came out, and with it the highest prize. He looked on a moment until he understood OLD DR. JACOB the matter, and then exclaimed: "Well, it's as fair a thing as ever was." In the canvass for Governor last summer, when Col. Reid advocated the doctrine of free suffrage, it was opposed by the Whig leaders as "a cheat and a fraud"; but as soon as the result of the eleca fraud"; but as soon as the result of the eleca fraud"; but as soon as the result of the elec-tion for Governor was known, and it appeared that the gallant Col. Reid had reduced the Whig vote from several thousand to a few hundred, the Democratic hobby, as it was termed by the Whigs became as "fair a thing as ever was." Our Whig friends seem to be much more

time. They remind me of the anecdote "who was the father of Zebedee's children." A pedagogne in Hlabama, (Courtney by name,) was viewed with some terror by his neighbors for his schollarship and the sternness of his time. They remind me of the anecdote "who for his schollarship and the sternness of his for his schollarship and the sternness of his have all been brought into requisition in the manufacture manners. On one occasion he had an exhibition of his pupils, and proud of their display, he told the company on the second day that any of them might put questions and try his Whereupon the wag addressed the line of scholars, and asked them "Who was the father of Zebedee's children?" But finding, after repeated trials, that no scholar in the school repeated trials, that no scholar in the school solored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in could answer the question, Courtney remarked to his pupils: "Here is Mr. Smith our neighbor over the way—if any were to ask RUP." But such is not the article known as the you who was the father of Mr. Smith's chil- GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S dren, do you not know?" " O yes, certainly -Mr Smith is." "Very well-who then is the father of Zehedce's children?" "O yes, dren, and that the Whigs, not the Democrats, are the peculiar friends of equal suffrage.

a close. I regret that I have to omit many PILES, COSTIVENESS, all CUTANEOUS ERUPTICNS, PIMPLES, BLOCTHES, and all affections views of the subject that I would like to offer impurity of the BLOOD.

TAKEN UP AND COMMITTED TO the Jail of Sampson county, on the 7th inst. a mulatto boy, who calls himself James Moore,

A. B. CHESNUTT Sheriff. July 14, 1848-[44-tf

CAMPHINE! CAMPHINE!! AT 40 cents per gallon. For sale at the Store J. G. BAUMAN.

Notice

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the President and Directors, and Company are landmarks which time cannot erace from and still he is not entitled to vote for Senator. in heu of one or more, for that number of Shares OWEN D. HOLMES.

Ex'r. of Gabriel Holmes. March 23, 1849.-[28-3m

Farmer's Blacksmithing!

posite Col. John McRae's Steam Saw Mill. SULLIVAN & CAISON. April 6, 1849--[30-7t

NOTICE. THE undersigned have formed a Co-partnership under the firm of

CASHWELL & BLOSSOM. Any business entrusted to us will have our

D. CASHWELL, JOS. R. BLOSSOM. Wilmington, April 6th, 1849 .- [30-2m

To all whom it may concern Persons indebted to Dr. John R. Hawes, will ind their notes and accounts in my hands; an early payment of them will save costs. Persons

April 6, 1849 .- [30-tf

Juniper Land for Sale. DRED ACRES of

JUNIPER LAND. lying in Bladen county, 15 miles North East of Elizabethtown, and about 4 miles to a navigable stream. The Land is well timbered, with large Juniper. Persons desirous of purchasing such lands, would do well to call on the subscriber, on amount of property required by the Constitu- channel through which the voice of freemen South River, Bladen County.

D. W. CROMARTIE. March 16, 1849 .- [27-3m WASHINGTON HOTEL.

furnished it throughout. They pledge themselves that nothing shall be wanting, on their part, to

the corner of Second and Princess streets, Nixon's basement.

ED. CANTWELL. Wilmington, N. C., March, 1849. . Having established an Agency in the city of Washington, he is prepared to give prompt attention to all claims for Extra Pay, Mileage, SubCAUTION EXTRA

A man by the name of CLAPP has engaged with a young man of the name of S. P. Townsend, and uses his name to put up a Sarsaparilla, which they call Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, denominating it GENTINE, Original, etc. This Townsend is no doctor, and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, causis, and the like. Yet ho assumes the title of Dr., for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. This is to caution the public not to be

equal suffrage will sooner or later prevail in wal OLD Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparille, having on North Carolina. The course of our Whig it the Old Dr's. likeness, his family coat of arms, and his Principal Office, 102 Nassau-st., New York City

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla. Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and ha long been known as the AUTHOR and DISCOVERE

HEALING POWER.

Knowing, many years age, that he had, by his skill, science and experience, devised an article which would be of incalculable advantage to mankind when the means would be furnished to bring it into universal notice, when in favor of equal suffrage since the last August election than they were previous to that well known to medical men, contains many medicinal pro-porties, and some properties which are inert or useless, and others, which if retained in preparing it for use, produce fermentation and acid, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties of Sarsaparilia are so volatile, that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if 'Certainly, certainly, Sir.' replied Courtney. they are not preserved by a scientific process, known only where you they are not preserved by a scientific process, known only the war addressed the line of the those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover, these tion, under heat, are the very essential medical propertie of the root, which give to it all its value,

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared, that all the inert properties of the becoming acid or of fermentation, is extracted and rejected; then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared Cure of innumerable diseases.

CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COM-I must now bring my desultory remarks to PLAINT, and in RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA,

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from Indigestion, from .tcidity of the Stomach. from anequal circulation, determination of blood to the head, paintation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in Colds and Coughs;

and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration It works wonders in cases of Fluor Albus or Whites, Full-ing of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed, or Painful Menses, Irregularity of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is as effectual in curing all the forms of Kidney Diseases.

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and Nervous diseases and debility. and thus prevents or relieves a great variety of other mala dies, as Spinal irritation. Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance Seconing, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &cc.

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action. tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalises the circulation of the blood producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes all strictures and light ness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. Is not this then

The medicine you pre-eminently need? But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S,

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPA BLE of DETERIORATION, and NEVER SPOILS, while the other DOES; souring, farmenting, and blowing the bottles containing it into fragments; the sour, acid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Must not this horrible compound be poisonous to the system?—What! put

acid into a system already diseased with acid! What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomacks, what mischiefs it produces ? flatuence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint THE subscribers keep on hand, and are con-stantly making, every description of farming tools what is Serofula but an acid humor in the body? What of the people against the encroachments of power of choosing the Governor, to "the qual- in their line, such as Ploughs and Plough produces all the humors which bring on Eruptions of the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swell In Michigan, "in all elections, every free will white male citizen above the age of twenty. Under this provision of the give prompt attention to repairing every kind of sours and thus spells all the finite of the house of sours and thus spells one years, having resided in the Stae six will at all times be found ready to respond to Constitution, every free white man in the farming implements. They will also do Horse-State who is twenty-one years of age, and has snowing in a neat and substantial manner. Terms which insinuates itself between the joints and elsewhere. Their shop is on Water street, immediately op- deranged circulations, and nearly all the allments which

Now is it not horribic to make and sell, and infinitely SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COM-POUND" OF S. P. TOWNSEND, and yet he would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Fownsend's Genuine Original Sarsaparilla, is an IMITA-PION of his inferior preparation!!

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which

would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Town-send's article' and which should bring down upon the Old Dr. such a mountain load of complaints and criminations from Agents who have sold, and purchasers who have used S. P. Townsend's FERMENTING COMPOUND. We wish it understood, because it is the absolute truth, that S. P. Townsend's article and Old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dissimilar; that they are unlike in every particular, having not one single thing in common. As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist, no pharmaceutist—knows no more of medicine or disease than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional

man, what guarantee can the public have that they are revirtues of the articles used in preparing it, and which are in capable of changes which might render them the AGENTS

WEAK STOMACHS AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS, should know well the medical properties of plants, the best manner of securing and concentrating their healing THE subscriber offers for sale THREE HUN-

It is to arrest frouds upon the unfertunate, to pour balm into wounded humanity, to kindle hope in the despairing bosom, to restore health and bloom, and vigor into the crushed and broken, and to banish infirmity that OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND has SOUGHT and FOUND the op-portunity and means to bring his Grand Universal Concentrated Remedy

within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who seed it, that they may learn and know, by Joyful experience, its Transcendent Power to Heal. DR. JACOB TOWNSERD. NEW YORK, Oct. 5, 1848. Six: -On the 20th of July, 1847, I was again attacked

tions, to grow worse for at least two months. I became WASHINGTON HOTEL,

(LATE HANOVER HOUSE,)

FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

THIS HOUSE has lately been re-opened, under the superintendance of the undersigned, who have given it a thorough overhauling, and newly furnished it throughout. They pledge themselves

tions, to grow worse for at least two months. I became entirely helpless, incapable of feeding myself, or tarning in bed, or helping myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and improve gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapable of feeding myself, or tarning in bed, or helping myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and improve gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapable of feeding myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and improve gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapable of feeding myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and improve gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapable of feeding myself any way. In this state I continued antil January, 1848, when I began to mend a little and improve gradually till the 1st May. This amendment was only so far as to be able to feed myself, though still incapable of feeding myself, or tarning in bed. I remained in this condition. BED, which I had not done before in ten months, and b

render the patron satisfied and comfortable.

Their Table and Chambers are as well furnished, and attended on by as faithful servants, as can be found in any other Hotel in the Southern States.

The composition of the wanting, on their part, to less than a week, I walked and week, I walked in the walked in the aid of cratches. Since then, I have walked in the street: have gone alone from 36 Spruce street to the Park; thence to Lovejoy's Hotel and back. I have been to 85 Nassan-street two different times, and am now frequently residues. The Omnibus will be found ready at the Cars and Steamboats, carrying baggage, free, to and from the Hotel.

HUTCHINS & MASALON

January 19, 1849 — [19-1yuoo

Law Notice.

The Subscriber has resumed the duties of his profession, and will be found at his office on the corner of Second and Princess streets. Nix
Nassau-street two different times, and am now frequently visiting my neighbors. During all this time, I have taken that two bettless of Old Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Oct. 4. I procured another bottle to-day (5th Oct.) I walked twice across the floor without the aid of cratches. I have also nearly recovered from obstruction of water, which gave me great distress. The pain in my back has likewise left me. I and my family have no earthly reason to ascribe my recovery to any other cause but to.

OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

P.S.—Several able physicians despaired of my ever walk ing or even raising myself from my bed again.

Principal Office 102 Nassau-street two different times, and am now frequently disting my neighbors. During all this time, I have taken that two bettless of Old Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Oct. 4. I procured another bottle to-day (5th Oct.) I walked twice across the floor without the aid of cratches. I have also nearly recovered from obstruction of water, which gave me great distress. The pain in my back has likewise left me. I and my family have no earthly reason to ascribe my recovery to any other cause but to.

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For sale in Wilmington N. C. by

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by WM. H. LIPPITT. Druggist and Chemist. March 2, 1849-[25-1y LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

1000 BBLS. landing; also, Hydraulie Cement; Calcined Plaster; Plaster J. C. & R. B. WOOD.

Builders and Contractors April 27 h, 1849. [33